

# Alexandria DAILY Gazette.

Commercial & Political.

VOL X.]

WEDNESDAY, MAY 30, 1810.

## Sales at Vendue.

On every Tuesday and Friday,  
WILL BE SOLD

A the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and  
Water streets.

A Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.

Particulars of which will be expressed in  
the bills of the day—All kinds of goods  
which are on limitation and the prices of  
which are established, can at any time be  
viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation  
and prices.

P. G. Marsteller, V. M.

## Just Received,

*AD FOR SALE BY*

CHARLES J. CATLETT,  
75 chests Imperial, Hyson, & Young  
Hyson Teas.

30,000 lbs. prime Green Coffee.

20 pipes and 8 quarter casks Lisbon  
and Teneriffe Wine.

8 hogsheads Muscovado Sugar.

2000 lbs. Seine Twine.

50 boxes Mould Candles.

50 do. Spanish Segars.

8 barrels Pimento.

October 16.

ROBERT GRAY,  
BOOK-SELLER, KING-STREET,  
has lately received for sale the following ar-  
ticles:

Talleyrand's Memoir concerning the com-  
mercial relations of the United States with  
England.

Zollikoffer's Sermons on Education.

Remarks on Adams' Review of Ames'  
works.

Mrs. Chapman's works.

Macknight on the Epistles, vol. 1st, to be  
comprised in 6 vols. octavo—price to sub-  
scribers 2 dolls. 50 cts. in boards.

Guthrie's Geographical, Historical, and  
Commercial Grammar, improved, 2 vols.  
octavo.

The works of President Edwards, 8 vols.  
octavo.

The works of Dr. Rush, 4 vols. octavo.  
Ainsworth's Latin Dictionary.

Brooks' Gazetteer.

Hutchinson's Xenophon.

Gibson's and Jesse's Surveying.

Murphy's Lucian.

Burke's Columbiad, 2 vols. 12mo.

American Register, vol. 5th.

Dr. Ramsay's History of South Carolina,

2 vols. octavo, boards—price 5 dolls. 50 cts.

Subscriptions received by R. Gray  
or the Monthly Anthology, Macknight on  
the Epistles, and a new American Dispensary,  
all now publishing by subscription in  
town.

## MUSCOVADO SUGAR.

About 150,000 lbs. of Muscovado Sugars  
of a superior quality in casks, weighing from  
13 to 23 hundred each, will be sold on ge-  
nerous terms, on application to

James Patton,

or  
Marsteller & Young.

March 18.

Joseph Mandeville,  
Corner of King and Fairfax streets, has for  
sale,

8 pipes London Particular Madeira, old  
and of superior quality

15 quarter casks Malaga Wine

6 do. Colmenar do.

10 do. Sherry BB & DG Brandy

20 cases old Claret and Vin de Gravé

50 barrels Whiskey

8 hds. and 10 barrels Northern Rum

Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hy-  
son and Hyson Skin TEAS, of the best qua-  
lities.

With a general assortment of Wines, Li-  
quors and Groceries as usual, on moderate  
terms.

March 2

Russia and Ravens DUCK.

One Hundred Bolts

First quality Russia and Ravens Duck.

ALSO,

50 boxes fresh LEMONS,

10 hds. Pimento,

2000 bushels of Salt,

2 pipes old Port Wine of a very su-  
perior quality—For sale by

John G. Ladd.

April 27.

## FOR SALE OR FREIGHT,

*The beautiful new Schooner*

**ALPHA,**

Burthen about 500 barrels.—  
This vessel is in all respects complete and an  
uncommon swift sailer. Apply to Captain

Gilbert Howland, on board, or to

John G. Ladd.

May 19.

## FOR BOSTON,

*The regular trading Brig*

**LOGAN,**

*Joseph Haskett, Master;*

Will sail in five days, and will  
take two hundred barrels on freight—for  
which, or passage, having excellent accom-  
modations, apply to

Lawsafon and Fowle,

Who have received by said Brig and for sale.

4 cases China Sinchaws and

Sarsenets;

20 boxes Dpt Candles.

May 26.

## Thirty Dollars Reward

Will be given for apprehending and secur-  
ing in jail negro SOLOMON, who was seen  
lurking about the suburbs of Alexandria this  
morning; he is of low stature, about twenty  
years old, and had on an old white hat, brown  
coat and striped pantaloons; a good deal worn.  
It is supposed he is now in town. All persons  
are hereby forewarned from harboring or carrying off said negro.

Thomas Hunton.

May 3—8.

## Bryan Hampson, & Co.

*Have just received and offer for sale,*  
15 hds. first quality New Orleans sugar.  
30 bales Upland Georgia cotton.  
5 hds. Jamaica and Antigua rum.  
15 do. New England do.  
15 hds. first quality molasses.  
10 tierces rice.  
600 lbs. Bengal Indigo.  
400 do. Flotant do.  
15 bags heavy pepper.  
15 do. pimento.  
10 boxes best Albany chocolate.  
30 do. Bakers do.  
20 qr. casks Malaga wine.  
300 reams writing and wrapping paper.

*AND ON HAND,*

London particular Madeira

Do. do. Teneriffe

WINES

Sherry, Madeira & Port

All of the first quality in pipes and quarter  
casks.

Imperial

Young Hyson

TEAS

and

Hyson Skin

20,000 lbs. green coffee in cags, and a gene-  
ral assortment of all kinds of groceries.

Selected flour for family use.

LANDING THIS DAY,

From on board the ship *Almira*, and for  
sale by the subscriber.

30 hhds. Muscovado SUGAR.

59 bags and 3 lbs.

PRIME GREEN COFFEE.

Jacob Morgan,

Tucker's wharf.

*Who will give Cash for good*

*W. O. hoghead and barrel STAVES.*

May 1.

Union College Lottery.

State of the wheel after the 19th day's  
drawing:

3 prizes of 25,000 dollars each.

1 10,000

2 2,000

3 250 tickets each.

of 1000

22 500

18 200

29 100

78 50

134 20

4517 10

\$3,600 to draw. Gain of the wheel 1750

dollars.

Present price of tickets \$ 15 for sale by

R. Gray.

May 22.

*Printing in all its branch-*

*es, neatly executed at this of-*

*fice.*

## PROPOSALS

BY BENJAMIN EDES & CO.

OF BALTIMORE,

For Publishing a New and Valuable Work,

by Subscription, entitled,

An Universal Dictionary

## Commercial Geography,

CONTAINING all that relates to the ad-

vanced and extent of every commercial

state in the world, and a comprehensive and

correct account of their agriculture and pro-

ducts, their manufactures, fisheries and

mines, and the commerce resulting there-

from—their laws, customs, tribunals and ad-

ministrations of commerce—their land car-

riage and navigation; their banks and com-

mercial companies; their monies weights

and measures; their exports and imports;

their exchange and the balance of trade; their

colonies, &c. &c. arranged in alphabetical

order. From the French of J. Pencet, author

of the Dictionary of Police, of the Methodical

Encyclopaedia, &c.

The publishers have been at great

expense in obtaining the only translation, re-

vised and corrected by gentlemen of well

known talents, which will make about 15 vol.

8 mo. containing 600 pages each, dedicated

to the Merchants of the U. S. Copy right

secured according to law.

The work now proposed to the public may

be said to be a miniature view of the commer-

cial world, unfolding the commerce of every

clime. It combines the experience of past

ages with the trade of the present day. In the

author's preliminary discourse and introduc-

tion, will be found a most interesting history

of commerce from remote ages progressively

until the publication of the work, together

Alexandria Daily Gazette,  
COMMERCIAL & POLITICAL.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY  
SAMUEL SNOGDEN,  
Bookstreet, Alexandria.

Daily Gazette, 5 Dollars per annum.  
Country Gazette, 3 Dollars.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 30.

From the Freeman's Journal.

Letters upon French Influence.

No. IV.

To the People of the United States.

Having established the point that the president of the United States has no constitutional right to impose an injunction of secrecy upon the two houses of Congress, or either of them, in any case whatever, it is now proper to enquire into the power of those houses to lay such an injunction upon their own members.

"The only power vested in the two branches of the national legislature, by the constitution, which bears upon this subject, is contained in the third paragraph of the fifth section of the first article of the constitution, which article establishes and defines the legislative functions. "Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings: and, from time to time, publish the same, *excepting such parts as may in their judgment require secrecy*: and the yeas and nays of the members of either house, on any question, shall at the desire of one-fifth of those present be entered on the journal." This paragraph is naturally connected with that which goes before it, "Each house may determine the rules of its proceedings; punish its members for disorderly behaviour; and, with the concurrence of two thirds expel a member." The provision in the present constitution respecting a secret journal, appears to have been in some measure derived from the seventh section of the ninth article of the old confederation of the states. "The Congress of the United States shall have power to adjourn at any time within the year, and to any place within the United States, so that no period of adjournment be for a longer duration than the space of six months, and shall publish the journal of their proceedings monthly, *except such parts therof relating to treaties, alliance, or military operations, as in their judgment require secrecy*; and the yeas and nays of the delegates of each state on any question shall be entered on the journal, when it is desired by any delegate; and the delegates of a state, or any of them, at his or their request, shall be furnished with a transcript of the said journal, *except such parts as are above excepted*, to lay before the legislature of the several states."

As the old Congress possessed the powers of peace and war, with only a meadow of legislative powers generally, and the power of making treaties, now vested in the President and Senate exclusively, the provision which has just been quoted from the articles of confederation, appears to have been adopted with a view to the exercise of those powers upon the subjects of "treaties, alliances, and military operations," and upon no other subjects. As it was the object of "The People," in establishing the new constitution, to "form a more perfect union," by the organization of a more energetic system of government, a power was given to each house to withhold from publication such parts of their proceedings as they should deem proper. But when we consider that the powers in reference to the exercise of which, under the confederation, *secrecy was allowed*, were divided in the new constitution, the power of making treaties and alliances being vested in the senate (together with the President) the power of making war and providing for military operations, in both houses conjointly, it is fairly presumable that the framers of the con-

stitution did not contemplate secret proceedings in any other sense. "And in what other case can there be necessity, or consonance with the principles of our institutions?" Our political system is essentially a system of publicity. The genius of it is at war with the course so commonly pursued by monarchical cabinets and despotic divans. So far as our Congress have departed from this original principle of our system, they are justly liable to the censure involved in Lord Chatham's speech on a motion for the dissolution of Parliament in 1771. "For a public assembly to be afraid of having their deliberations published, is monstrous and speaks for itself. No mortal can construe such a procedure to their advantage. It, and the practice of locking the doors, are sufficient to open the eyes of the blind; they must see that all is not well within." If this be good doctrine in a monarchy, how much more so in a republic!

The question is not however, what ought to be the powers of Congress, in this respect, but what are those powers? It is the opinion of some that a written constitution affords no security to the rights of the people. Let us hope that this opinion is unfounded. It is dangerous to adopt constructions of the spirit of the constitution. It is much safer to adhere to the letter. If this be generally done, and the constitution be at once correct in principle and intelligible in expression, how can it be otherwise than that it should secure our rights and privileges? Could a *LXX NON SCRIBITA*, a collection of "shreds and patches" of legislative, executive, and judicial opinions and decisions, accumulated gradually in the progress of ages, secure them better than this *LXX SCRIBITA*, this plainly recorded law, to which all can recur, and which all can comprehend?

Each house of Congress, then, has power to conceal from the people such a portion of its proceedings as it deems improper for promulgation. But this power can only be exercised by first exercising another, that of "determining the rules of its proceedings," unless, indeed, the house shall think it more proper and take the trouble from day to day, of taking a distinct vote on every part of the journal which it means to keep concealed. No such thing exists in practice. The house of representatives has established particular rules upon this subject. It is provided that when a member shall announce to the house that he has a motion to make, the proceedings upon which, in his opinion, ought to be kept secret, the doors shall be closed, and the house shall determine, by a vote, whether those proceedings shall be secret or not. The house sometimes immediately determines that the proceedings shall not be kept secret, as in the case of a motion which was made for the sequestration of debts due by the citizens of the U. States to British subjects. But no instance is recollected in which the house literally pursued its own rule, and determined by a formal vote, that proceedings upon a motion made with closed doors should be kept secret. The house, therefore, does not, in the cases mentioned, pursue the letter of the constitution and its own rule which is intended to carry that provision of the constitution into effect. How far, then, is the rule obligatory upon the members?

Another rule provides that when a confidential message is received from the president, the proceedings upon such message shall be secret, until the house shall otherwise determine. But nothing is said respecting documents which may be communicated with the message. These form, in fact, no part of the "proceedings" of the house, being merely matter of information to bear upon those proceedings. They are never recorded in the "journal of its proceedings," and it is only "such parts" of the "journal of its proceedings" as "may in their judgment require secrecy," that they have a right to conceal. This will lead us to the investigation of a "deep question."

NEW YORK, May 24.

Captain Marshall, who arrived here last month, sailed from Goteborg on the 17th instant, at which time it was reported the Danes had orders to take all American vessels they should fall in with; and it was generally supposed that Bonaparte would soon have the regulation of the commerce of Sweden. A French agent had arrived at Stockholm; and another at Goteborg—Markets dull at Goteborg, except for sugar and logwood. Cotton was about 37 cents.

The accounts from the Havana, of the 2d instant, are of a satisfactory nature. Advances had reached that place of the advancement of the French in old Spain; of their investment of Cadiz; and of the establishment of the new regency in the Isle of Leon (Cadiz) and to which authority the government of the Havanna (& of Cuba) had publicly acceded, without any tumult, dissatisfaction, or despondency, among the people. It was rumored yesterday morning that the colony of Cuba had declared itself independent; but this arose from a very cursory view of some Spanish papers, of considerable length received by the gentlemen to whom we are indebted for this intelligence, and who mistook the nature of their contents. Letters of the first authority received by this gentleman state the port of Cuba would be speedily and freely opened to the British and Americans, and the duties reduced.

Captain Place's account therefore, in our paper of yesterday, is entitled to full credit, which states that those events had already taken place.

Captain Ellison, late master of the brig Beulah, who arrived here yesterday, has requested us to mention, that on the 12th of January, in lat. 23° long. 63°, being 53 days from Demerara, out of provisions and subsisting only on bread and water for 12 days, he was fortunately fallen in with by H. B. M. sloop of war *Emulous*, Captain Stupart, who with much kindness supplied the Beulah with a quantity of beef and pork and politely presented Captain E. with coffee, sugar and candles for the use of the cabin. On the 12th February following, the Beulah being still unable to make a port and in great distress, was met by the French privateer *La Creole*, (captain's name not known) from Guadalupe; who humanely supplied the brig's crew and captain with beef, bread and other necessaries, and expressed much regret at not being able to afford further supplies, the privateer being herself short of provisions.

We have seen a letter from Havanna, from the most respectable sources, which confirm the news published in yesterday's Gazette, on the authority of Captain Place. This change will prove immensely important to the commerce of the United States.

*Process Verbal.*—We publish this evening a curious French document, being a process verbal for sequestering American property. No cause, however, is assigned for the seizure.

It is curious enough to hear individuals in the city justifying this act of robbery, by saying that it is only a just retaliation upon us for our non intercourse law, which law they say we had no right to pass, because we have a treaty with France stipulating for free trade, and this law they say violates it. Do not these people know that our treaty with France has expired? Do they not know that it expired last July? But it did expire July 1809, by its own limitations—So they must find out some other justification.

(TRANSLATION.)

Process-Verbal of the On the 19th of March, in the year 1810, We, Benoit Nieh's Aliasse, principal commis-

sary of war of the government of Biscay, and Jacques Blan din, commercial agent of France at the ports of St. Sebastian and Passage, commissioners delegated by general Thouvenot, governor of Biscay, for the sequestration of American vessels and the confiscation of their cargoes in the said ports, having been informed that the American brig *Rose-in-Bloom*, of the burthen of one hundred and eighty-seven tons, or thereabouts, which entered the road of the port of St. Sebastian on the 10th of the present month, had completed the quarantine to which she had been subjected, went on board the said brig *Rose-in-Bloom*, captain Jedidiah Oleott, from New York, with a cargo consisting of four hundred and twenty-four bales of cotton and fifteen tons of logwood, and in the presence of monsieur Bourgade, chef de bataillon commandant d'armes of St. Sebastian, proceeded to place the seals as fol-

low:—We place four seals on the extremities of two pieces of wood, which cross from one end to the other of the third hatch, behind the main mast.

The two hatches which are between the two masts could not be sealed, on account of the incumbrance on the deck occasioned by the long-boats and forty-six bales of cotton, which likewise could not be put under seal. As the captain's cabin could not be sealed, and as the remainder of the sea cargo is deposited there, we signified (through the medium of Mr. Jean Baptiste Gonsworn interpreter at St. Sebastian) to the said captain, that he remains responsible for the entire cargo of his vessel, agreeably to the bills of lading and certificates of the French consul at New York, which he has delivered to us, as well as all other papers relative to the said cargo.

After which we requested monsieur le commandant d'armes, to leave on board of the said vessel a sufficient number of soldiers for life guard, as well as our seals as of the articles composing the cargo of the said vessel.

In testimony whereof, we have drawn up this process verbal, which the said monsieur Bourgade, commandant d'armes, Mr. Jedidiah Oleott, captain, and the sworn interpreter, signed with us the above-named commissioners of sequestrations.

Done in the road of St. Sebastian, and on board of the said vessel, the day, month and year before written.

Signed, Bourgade, Jedidiah Oleott, Jean Gonsworn, Alice, and Blan din.

A true copy from the original, which is deposited with the commissioners.

The Commissioners of Sequestration,

JACOB BLANDIN,

ALIBEE.

City of New York, ss.

Andrew S. Gar, of the said city, public notary, being duly sworn, deposeth and saith, that the foregoing is a true translation made by him the deponent, from its original in the French language.

ANDREW S. GARR.

Sworn this 22d day of May, 1810, before me,

CHARLES T. KEENE,

Notary Public.

FOR SALE,

At the town of Occoquan, on the 26th day of May next, at Public Auction,

That valuable MILL SEAT,

late the property of Elisha Janney,

SITUATE in the said town of Occoquan. On this site was erected, about eleven years ago, a spacious three story B.R.I.G.K. MILL H.O.U.S.E, which ever since has been occupied as a manufacturing mill, until about twelve months ago it was destroyed by fire—the stones and bricks of the former walls, and the iron work of the building are upon the spot, and would answer for a new mill, which might with these aids be erected in time to grind the growing crop of wheat.

The advantages appertaining to this valuable property, which in the driest season never wants water, being furnished by the Occoquan river, are so generally known as to state that it is situated in a healthy and flourishing little town at the Falls of the River, about 14 miles south of Alexandria, on the great stage road, leading north and south—in the heart of a wheat country—and has navigable water to the mill door, where vessels may come of sufficient burthen to carry 500 barrels of flour. With this valuable seat for water works of any description, there may be had about 250 acres of well timbered land, lying on the opposite side of the river.

For this property one-tenth of the purchase money will be required in hand, and the residue in three equal annual payments, with interest from the day of sale.

Richard M. Scott,

Trustee for Creditors of E. Janney

April 25.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE subscriber, after a lapse of time necessarily consumed in the preparation of his house, respectfully announces to the citizens of Alexandria, as well as the community at large, that he has taken for a term of years that useful and eligible establishment known by the name of the CITY HOTEL, and owned by Mr. Gadby, whose distinguished abilities as a Publican gave it an eclat which the subscriber hopes to preserve by his unremitting exertions in attending to all those who may concur on him the favor of their patronage, refined and comfortable accommodations. The subscriber deems it unnecessary to indicate the multiplicity of amusements attached to the City Hotel, and will only submit a description to that portion of travellers who have so generally enjoyed its numerous advantages.

James Brook.

February 20.



**WILLIAM H. DODGE,**  
Printer, No. 10 Prince Street,  
Offers for sale on the most reasonable terms,  
the following:

**ARTICLES,**  
Part of which are just received from Philadelphia:

**GUNPOWDER,** Fresh TEAS,  
Tobacco, Imported in the ship  
Young Hyson, & selected.  
Hyson-Skin  
Liquors—a general assortment  
Spices of every description  
Best Green Coffee, and first and second  
quality Chocolate  
Loaf, Lump, and Muscovado Sugars  
Spermated, Mould and Dift Candles  
Box and Casks Raisins  
Almonds, Pigs and Tamarinds  
New Orleans, Natchitoches, and Garret's  
Philadelphia Snuff  
Best Spanish Segars & Chewing Tobacco  
Fresh Sallat Oil, Capers, Olives, Anchovies, and Mushroom Catchup  
West India and Sugar House Molasses  
Georgia Cotton  
Rice, Pearl-Barley, Fig Blue, Starch, Indigo, Mustard, and Basket Salt  
Lemon Baskets, a variety  
Wrapping and Writing Paper  
Hair Sifters  
Sweeping and Scrubbing Brushes  
Leading Lines, Traces and Bed Cords  
Men's fine and coarse Shoes  
Smithfield Bacon and Venison Hams  
A constant supply of  
Jameson's Water Crackers  
Sifted Indian Corn Meal  
Fresh Fruits  
A quantity of Irish Seed Potatoes  
A neat assortment of Earthen Ware, from the Columbian pottery, Philadelphia—  
with which he will be constantly supplied, &c. &c.

May 23. eotf

### SPANISH MERINO-SHEEP FOR SALE:

On TUESDAY the 5th day of June next, will be sold to the highest bidder at Broom-lawn, near the town of Alexandria, Six full blooded Spanish Merino Rams,

which have just arrived in the ship Diana from Spain. These sheep have been selected with care, and are believed to be of the first class of Merinos.

The sale will take place at 12 o'clock, and a credit of ninety days will be given for notes negotiable in the Bank of Alexandria, with approved indorsers.

James H. Hooe.

May 9. eots.

### Forty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on the 16th of December last, negro DANIEL—he is 38 years old, 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, tolerably black, high cheek bones, he had an opening between his front teeth having the appearance of one lost, remarkable round shoulders and slender waist—he is by profession a *brazier*, has lost much of his religion, and is fond of talking on that subject—he has appeared to be very unwell for two or three years past and has done nothing before that time he was a good hand to put up post and rail fence, and ditching, which he no doubt will engage in should he get a distance from home—he is good at all kinds of plantation work. It is believed he is still in the neighborhood of Alexandria where he has a wife, and is harbored by the negroes belonging, or who have lately belonged to the estate of Benjamin Dulany, Esq. and their connections.

I will give the above reward if secured in jail so that I get him again, and all reasonable expences if brought home.

John Dulin.

May 7. 2aw 11t

### New Cordage Store.

THE subscriber informs his friends, and the public generally, that he has commenced business on Merchants Wharf, between King and Prince streets, in the house lately occupied by the United States as an office of inspection; where he intends to keep a general assortment of CORDAGE, made by John Chalmers, sen. rope-maker for the government of the United States. This cordage he presumes, will bear a comparison with any made on the continent.

All orders directed to him from any part of the Union, for cordage of the above kind, will be intended to, and executed with dispatch.

He keeps for sale a variety of articles in the ship-building line. Also, salt, sugar, coffee, tea, and superior flour selected for family use. Cash given for hemp, wheat, and wool.

Joseph Rowen.

May 10. 2aww

### GRAND LOTTERY. Three Prizes of \$25,000 each.

#### STATE OF NEW-YORK.

#### Union College Lottery, 1812.

M A N A G E R S.

William W. Gilbert, Isaac Denison,  
Benjamin DeWitt, AND  
George Merchant, Stephen Thorne.

#### B C H E M I S T R Y.

Prizes of	\$25,000 is \$75,000
1	10,000
1	5,000
6	250 Tickets each, 7,000
2	2,000
5	1,000
28	300
30	200
50	100
100	50
200	20
10,500	10
10,924 Prizes,	245,000
24,076 Blanks,	

35,000 Tickets, at 7 dollars, is 245,000

Less than 2 1/4 blanks to a prize; subject to a deduction of 15 per cent. Prizes payable 30 days after the conclusion of the drawing.

#### OF THE ANNEXED PRIZES.

1st drawn No. 10th day of drawing, entitled to \$1,000.

1st do. 15th do. 250 Tickets from No. 1 to No. 250, inclusive.

1st do. 20th do. 250 do. from No. 251 to 500, inclusive.

1st do. 25th do. 550 do. from No. 22,001 to 22,250, inclusive.

1st do. 30th do. 250 do. from No. 22,251 to 22,500, inclusive.

1st do. 35th do. Cash, 25,000 dollars.

1st do. 40th do. 1000

1st do. 45th do. 25,000

Fi at 4000 Blanks drawn to be entitled to a Ten Dollar prize each.

The drawing will commence in the City of New York on the third Tuesday in April next, and will continue to draw 600 Tickets each day (except the last day, when there will remain 800 to be drawn) until finished.

TICKETS for sale by R. GRAY, Bookseller, King street, Alexandria, where all tickets sold by him may be examined, and information obtained respecting the Lottery during the drawing, free of expence. Prizes in the Baltimore College Lottery will be taken at their full value for Tickets in this Lottery, and the difference paid in cash. Cash will also be advanced for prizes as soon as drawn, at a moderate discount.

Present price of tickets eight dollars.

January 1.

Should the first number, on the 15th day of drawing, be either of the numbers from 1 to 250, inclusive, then, in that case, the next drawn number (not one of those numbers, shall draw, and be entitled to the 250 tickets, while the prizes and blanks that may be drawn to them previous to the 15th day of drawing, and in the like manner with tickets for the 20th, 25th, and 30th days of drawing; so that a person with one ticket may draw One Thousand Dollars.) Question—How? Answer—Suppose No. 11,175, is the property of A the first drawn number on the 15th day of drawing, which wil entitle A to the numbers from 1 to 250; and the first drawn number on the 20th day of drawing, may be No. 175, which will entitle him to the numbers from 251 to 500. The first drawn number, on the 25th day, may be No. 375, which will entitle him to the numbers from 22,001 to 22,250, inclusive; and the first drawn number, on the 30th day of drawing, may be one of the 750 tickets already drawn, which will entitle him to the numbers from 22,251 to 22,500—Yes, sir, and the thousand tickets may draw One Hundred Thousand Dollars!

### A NEW NOVEL.

Just Published, and for Sale by COTTON & STEWART;

Price 1 Dollar,

GLENCAIRN;

OR THE DISAPPOINTMENTS OF YOUTH, A NOVEL.

By GEORGE WATTERSTON, Esq.  
Or WASHINGTON CITY,  
Author of the Lawyer and Child of Feeling.

The celebrity of this author's "LAWYER," and "CHILD OF FEELING," induced the publishers to engage in this work, and without detracting from the merits of the former, feel themselves justified in stating that his GLENCAIRN is superior to either. It is submitted without further recommendation, with a view that the American reviewers may give further encouragement to this young gentleman's endeavors to entertain, instruct and moralize his fellow citizens, in a way seemingly well calculated to attract their attention.

Feb. 6.

Public Sale.  
By virtue of a deed of trust from William Hodges to the subscriber, to secure the payment of a sum due from him to the Bank of Potowmack, will be exposed to auction, on the premises, on the 23d day of JUNE next, the following Property in the town of Alexandria, to wit:

One piece or parcel of Ground with the improvements thereon, lying on the south side of Prince street and bounded as follows:—Beginning on Prince street 22 feet to the eastward of Water street, and running thence eastwardly with Prince street 25 feet, thence southwardly 44 feet 4 inches, thence westwardly 23 feet, thence northwardly to the beginning.

ALSO,

One other piece of Ground, with the improvements thereon, lying & being on the south side of Prince street & to the eastward of Washington street; beginning at the intersection of those streets and running westwardly with Prince street 63 feet 5 inches, thence northwardly 70 feet, thence eastwardly 62 feet 5 inches to Washington street, thence to the beginning.

ALSO,

One other piece or parcel of unimproved Ground, lying on the north side of Prince street & to the eastward of Washington street; beginning at the intersection of those streets and running westwardly with Prince street 63 feet 5 inches, thence southwardly 44 feet, thence westwardly to the beginning.

This property will be sold upon a credit of one, two and three years, for notes negotiable in the Bank of Potowmack, with approved endorsers, carrying interest from the day of sale. A bid will be required upon the property sold to secure the payments.

Thomas Swann, Trustee.

May 12—17.

ISAAC KELL,  
Coppersmith, Plumber, and Tin-Plate-Worker,

HAVING REMOVED from Water to Prince street, two doors above the corner of the late Col. Hooe, informs those who have hitherto favored him with their custom, and those who may be disposed to do so, that he will thankfully receive and endeavor to merit their favors.

Cash or exchange given for old Copper, Brass, Pewter or Lead.

#### WANTED,

A BOY of good morals as Apprentice to the above business.

March 29.

#### TUITION.

THE subscriber continues to teach the French Language at his residence corner of Prince and Royal streets. Ladies and gentlemen will be waited on at their places of abode at such hours as they may appoint. Terms of tuition may be known by applying to him.

John Frignet.

N. B. The French translated into English the English into French.

April

#### New Hat Manufactory.

WILLIAM H. S. FAW,  
RESPECTFULLY INFORMS THE PUBLIC,

THAT he has established a Hat Manufactory, in King street, one door from St. Asaph street, and opposite the Indian Queen tavern; where he manufactures and keeps constantly on hand, a general assortment of HATS of all descriptions.

He flatters himself that a perfect knowledge of, aided by the strictest attention to, his business, will enable him to give general satisfaction.

A considerable discount to wholesale purchasers.

May 24.

#### Public Sale.

Under the authority of a decree of the United States Circuit Court of the District of Columbia, held at Alexandria, the subscribers will offer at public sale, on the 1st day of June next, at the Coffee House,

Three Squares of GROUND,  
near the Spring Garden:

A number of valuable building Lots,  
on King, Alfred and Patrick streets.

ALSO

Several well secured GROUND RENTS. One fourth of the purchase money will be required in hand, and on the balance a credit of 6, 12 and 18 months will be allowed on negotiable notes with approved endorsers. The title will be made on the payments being completed.

James Sanderson,  
Robert I. Taylor.

May 4.

#### Madder.

JUST Received, a few hundred pounds of the first quality MADDER—And for sale by

BRYAN HAMPSON & CO.

May 10.

### ORIGINAL FAMILY MEDICINES,

Proposed by RICHARD LEE & SON.  
Have been in high estimation and general use throughout the United States, for upwards of ten years. And, it is no inconsiderable evidence of their utility, that during the above period, numerous imitations of every article, urged by envy and parsimony, have been intruded on the public, seen for a day, and then perished! Others now succeed to them, which in like manner are but deceiving to the tomb of the Caputels; while our remedies become more generally used, and acquire a daily accession of deserved celebrity.

#### Lee's Worm-destroying Lozenge.

This medicine is superior to any referred to the public, being innocent and mild, certain and efficacious in its operations—Should no worms exist in the body, it will without pain or griping, cleanse the stomach and bowels of whatever is foul or offensive, and thereby prevent the production of worms and many fatal disorders.

#### Lee's Elixer.

A certain remedy for colds, coughs, asthma, and particularly the whooping cough, so destructive to children.

#### Lee's Essence of Mustard.

So well known for the cure of rheumatism, gout, palsy, sprains, &c. &c.

#### Lee's Grand Restorative.

Proved by long experience to be unequalled in the cure of nervous disorders, consumptions, lowness of spirits, inward weakness, &c.

#### Lee's Anti-Bilious Pills.

For the prevention and cure of bilious and malignant fevers.

#### Lee's Sovereign Ointment for the Eye.

Which is warranted an infallible remedy on one application.

#### Infallible Ague & Fever Drops.

For the cure of agues, remittent, and intermitting fevers.

#### Lee's Genuine Persian Lotion.

Celebrated for the cure of ring worms, scrofula, &c.

#### Lee's Genuine Eye Water.

An effectual remedy for all diseases of the eyes.

#### Tooth-ache Drops.

Which give immediate relief.

#### Lee's Damask Lip Salve.

For the cure of every kind of head-ach.

#### The Anodyne Elixir.